追查迫害法輪功國際組織(追查國際)

World Organization to Investigate the Persecution of Falun Gong (WOIPFG)

To investigate the criminal conduct of all institutions, organizations, and individuals involved in the persecution of Falun Gong; to bring such investigation, no matter how long it takes, no matter how far and deep we have to search, to full closure; to exercise fundamental principles of humanity; and to restore and uphold justice in society

Qin Han: a Doctor from the Pediatric Cardiac Surgery Department at the First Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-sen University (II)

Date: July 20, 2015 (Phone number: +86+13632395011)

Summary

- 1. "Because as long as we can get one (organ), it would always be fresh here.

 Usually we get it, when the heart is still beating. So, usually the quality is good."
- 2. "We specifically have a brain death center. It is located in our South China, and it belongs to our hospital."
- 3. "The brain death center is specialized in judicial identification cases, for example, brain deaths. That is, if one has the intention to donate his/her organs, then we can take him/her to our Huangpu Campus near Sun Yat-Sen University and then allocate his/her organs."
- 4. "Huangpu Hospital is about 40 minutes by car (from here). Our hospital has two campuses, both of which are in Huangpu."
- 5. Good -quality donors would come to the brain death center, and "it is specifically in charge of donors."
- 6. "We're supposed to be in control of (the organs from braindead people in) the whole country right now. Yes, it's definitely like this, because now, all over the country, because our center is dedicated to operating the organ transplantation (industry). Because all over the country now, the (organs of) so-called executed prisoners have been canceled. So it is like this in the whole country. Across China, in every major city...that is, in South China, we may be a center, an organ transplant center. For example, say the whole country uses organs, there are places that need this type... so someone would call (us) to come over to excise (the organ). It's roughly like this."
- 7. "After all, since we are the First Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-sen University, they generally don't come here to take (our organs). We basically (use all our organs) within the city, basically in Guangzhou, unless there's an organ that we do not want, such as a wasted organ, which we don't want. If some other province happens to need that type, then they could come over to get it."

Phone Investigation Recording

Qin Han: Hello, how are you? Who is that?

Investigator: Excuse me, is that Doctor Qin Han? Hello, Doctor Qin Han. I contacted you earlier today, my last name is Tang.

Qin Han: Oh, is that the one from Taiwan?

Investigator: Yes, yes, yes. Have you got an answer for me?

Qin Han: Oh, it is like this, I asked them. There's no problem doing the surgery. There's no legal problem. Then I asked my director, who said optimistically, it would take about three months; if not, then it is hard to say. He gave me a rough estimate.

Investigator: Oh, optimistically, it would be in three months, right?

Qin Han: It is hard to say, pessimistically. Because recently, I didn't pay attention to this issue, so I am not sure.

Investigator: Oh, like this?

Qin Han: If you want to do it, you can come and set up your profile and make a thorough inspection, including the ultrasound, whether the patient is suitable for a transplant or not, okay? If you want...

Investigator: In Taiwan, (they) recommended us to do (transplantation), but we are still waiting for a donor.

Qin Han: Yes, you're still waiting for the donor, I know, I know. Anyway, no matter what happened in Taiwan, we need to... we still need to do the important examinations, including the ultrasound and the cardiac catheter inspection. We need to take a look at the PAP (pulmonary arterial pressure). Because I am not sure, and some patients are not suitable to have organ transplantation. I'm not sure without detailed test results. He needs to come and do the examinations and let us take a look.

Investigator: Yes, I am sorry. I just want to ask, because he's a child. The donor, not like young adults, but the donor quality...is the donor the type of impoverished kid...?

Qin Han: the quality of donor is actually... I just asked you about his growth and development. Because if he's small and thin, he can only use a child donor, and the donor quality...hello, can you hear me?

Investigator: Yes, yes, please continue.

Qin Han: Yes, because we can only use a child donor, but it is hard to wait for a child donor. Because as long as we can get one, it would always be fresh here. Usually we get it, when the heart is still beating. So, usually the quality is good.

Investigator: You said (the donor) still has heartbeats, so your place is...

Qin Han: Here (the organs are) all from donations. We now all use donations. We don't use the previous type, which was gotten rid of.

Investigator: You said the (use of) death-row prisoner (organs) has been banned? Qin Han: Yes, we have all banned it. Starting from this year, the whole country does not have them anymore. Also, this sounds so bad, it is almost impossible to have a child as death-row prisoner, right?

Investigator: Therefore, the family members are worried about it. They said that they are worried that the donor with low quality organs has been abducted and trafficked to our medical personnel.

Qin Han: You don't need to worry about this. It is definitely donated. (The organs) are all from donations after brain death. We can guarantee this, and it has relatively high requirements. To be honest, if (the donor) were an executed prisoner, his heart might be useable. This is the case.

Investigator: Yep, yep, yes.

Qin Han: Therefore, all of our organs are from donations now. There's definitely no problem, and we specifically have a brain death center. It is located in our South China, and it belongs to our hospital.

Investigator: You said there's a specific brain death center?

Qin Han: It is specialized in judicial identification cases, for example, brain deaths. That is, if one has the intention to donate his/her organs, then we can take him/her to our Huangpu Campus near Sun Yat-Sen University and then allocate his/her organs. That's what people all do.

Investigator: So there will be no so-called warm ischemia. Actually, previously someone recommend us to go to Chongqing to have a try. Then, they worried about us taking the plane and so on. So, later on, our campus director recommended us to go to the First Affiliated Hospital, Sun Yat-Sen University, and it could be better. So you said that there's a brain death center near our Affiliated Hospital to Sun Yat-Sen University, that is, good -quality donors would come here, right?

Qin Han: Yes, it is specifically in charge of donors.

Investigator: I want to know when the time comes, will Director Wu, Director Wu Zhongkai go to get the donor?

Qin Han: Yes, it's not necessarily him, who goes to get the donor, because we work like this. When we are getting the donor here, we need to open up the patient's heart in another surgery at the same time. Therefore, in general, I would go get the donor with another professor, and Director Wu would be here opening up the chest, the chest of the kid. It's usually like this.

Investigator: So it's you and another professor. Regarding that professor, does he have enough experiences...Sorry, it's presumptuous of me.

Qin Han: We are from the same department, and his last name is Chen. You don't know too much about this.

Investigator: Oh, no worries. Because I am a doctor myself so...I am sorry, it's impolite. Qin Han: It's okay. It's okay. Because we are operating (two) surgeries at the same time, we would excise (the donor organ) here, and over there... This is because sometimes after you take the organ, the ischemia time cannot be too long. After a certain period of time, the heart can no longer be used. So in general, we would be rushing. In general, as

long as one side determines that the heart is usable, over there, (the recipient's chest) would be immediately opened. Generally speaking, that's the way it is.

Investigator: How far is the Huangpu campus from our First Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-sen University?

Qin Han: Huangpu Hospital is about 40 minutes by car (from here), about 40 minutes? That is, our hospital has two campuses, both of which are in Huangpu.

Investigator: We do surgeries in the headquarters, and Huangpu Hospital is in ...

Qin Han: We do surgeries in the headquarters and excise organs in Huangpu.

Investigator: So it's right that I don't have to worry about the donor, because it's all under control.

Qin Han: Yes, including the legal aspects, including the donor quality, you don't have to worry about anything. (The donors) must all be braindead, and there won't be the kind with warm ischemia. None of (the organs) would have warm ischemia.

Investigator: So there's no such thing as an infectious disease, or that kind of ...

Qin Han: The key is to be able to finally obtain the organ after the wait. Strictly speaking, it is difficult to wait for an organ.

Investigator: Because previously, we were a little worried, we were just afraid to that... I heard that some kids could be the kind of trafficked children used as donors.

Qin Han: Oh, you really don't have to worry about this now, because some incident has happened before!

Investigator: And then whether the donor is healthy or not, we do not know. Then will our First Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-sen University use this kind of donors? Qin Han: Yes, yes, this is for sure. We're supposed to be in control of (the organs from braindead people in) the whole country right now. Yes, it's definitely like this, because now, all over the country, because our center is dedicated to operating the organ transplantation (industry). Because all over the country now, the (organs of) so-called executed prisoners have been canceled. So it is like this in the whole country. Across China, in every major city...that is, in South China, we may be a center, an organ transplant center. For example, say the whole country uses organs, there are places that need this type... so someone would call (us) to come over to excise (the organ). It's roughly like this.

Investigator: Oh, so people from other provinces would come here to obtain the organs, which are centralized over here.

Qin Han: Yes, (other places) have less organs. After all, since we are the First Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-sen University, they generally don't come here to take (our organs). We basically (use all our organs) within the city, basically in Guangzhou, unless there's an organ that we do not want, such as a wasted organ, which we don't want. If some other province happens to need that type, then they could come over to get it. It's generally like this.

Investigator: Oh, that is...

Qin Han: The organs are mainly supplied to Guangzhou, and the First Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-sen University takes the priority, because (the brain death center is) operated by ourselves after all! Right?

Investigator: Oh, yes, yes. Well, now I know it. Previously, the colleague in my hospital and our little patient...you have mentioned to me today that (your hospital) is relatively large, then it would be relatively easy for us to wait (for the organs), so they'll come here to replace their organs.

Qin Han: Yes, they need to wait. The adult can come over and wait, because it's easy for adults to wait (for organs), as there are more adult (donors). In terms of the number of children, their mortality rate is still relatively small.

Investigator: Hey, adults... Then I would like to ask the weight of a child, about how many kilos, for him to use an adult organ.

Qin Han: Well, at least 20 kilos or more, at least 20 kilos. Otherwise, the veins might have trouble fitting. Adults' veins are too big to match. The blood vessels simply cannot fit.

Investigator: So it's probably at least 20 kilos or more.

Qin Han: Because your size is not right. If your size is not right, the blood vessels cannot fit. So, at least 20 kg or more.

Investigator: Sorry, since I left clinical practice a relatively long period of time ago, so I have a little trouble keeping up. So it's mainly about the body weight, not the height. Oh, it's more than 20 kg.

Qin Han: Well, yes, 20 kilos, at least you have to be more than 20 kilos, and you have to see all aspects. Anyway, you have to look at the B-ultrasound, look at the B-ultrasound to determine. Sometimes there's something wrong, and we'll have to cut it, and it's troublesome.

Investigator: Oh, yes, yes...

Qin Han: So we're going to decide according to the B-ultrasound. For instance, you have to compare the kid's body with the donor's. If there's something not matching, we'll have to do some adjustments during the operation. There're a lot of technical things in this.

Investigator: Hmm.

Qin Han: So we try to choose the right donor, about the same age. For example, the kid is five years old, and my donor should be at least under the age of 10, not too big. Investigator: Yes.

Qin Han: But in fact, sometimes you cannot wait to get a donor of a suitable size, for a patient under the age of 10.

Investigator: Yes, so a little bigger than him might still match.

Qin Han: Yes, can be a little bigger, but if (the donor) is too big, like of our age, it may not be possible. It may not be possible, if the donor is in his 20s or 30s.

Investigator: Oh, if the weight is about 20 kilos, then the kid can use an adult's organ? Qin Han: At least, at least (20 kilos), I think it needs at least 20 kilos, but nobody can be sure. I think that 20 kilos might be relatively... can have a wider range (of donors to use). That's what I mean.

Investigator: I'd like to ask...if that's the case, the kids can use adult organs, when they are 20 kilos. How long does it take for them to wait and get an organ? Because we happen to have a colleague, who is also contacting people today for inquiries.

Qin Han: In terms of adult organs, honestly, I've never done this before. But since we do more than a dozen cases per year, presumably, you should be able to get an organ very fast, should be very fast.

Investigator: Oh, let's just say that your pediatric heart surgery department performs more than a dozen cases per year, right?

Qin Han: No, no. I said we do more than a dozen cases on the adult side, because although we are pediatrics, we don't do adults at all. We have two departments. The other one specializes in performing surgeries for adults, and they would do a lot more.

Relatively speaking, because there're more adult donors.

Investigator: Oh, yes, then, if that's the case, will it still be Director Wu doing it or you're going to transfer us to the adult department?

Qin Han: Oh, that won't happen. That certainly won't happen, because yours is a child. Does he have congenital heart problems, too? Or...

Investigator: Oh, that is...

Qin Han: The most important thing is, the key is to see if your child can wait for that long, because waiting for that long is very difficult, because while he is waiting, his pulmonary artery... finally you have to check your child's pulmonary artery and to check its pressure. If he is waiting for a long time, then it doesn't make sense. For the specifics, I have to see the patient first to know.

Investigator: Yes, well, I'm sorry. Can you, and Director Wu and the whole team help us, because previously I indeed saw several patients waiting in the ward passing away. It was so hard to grit your teeth and raise them to the point, when...

Qin Han: Young kids?

Investigator: Yes! I used to be in the pediatric ward, too, so I am particularly worried about the situation. I don't know, of course, I just know that you're going to do your best. Qin Han: For kids, it's all about the donor, it's all about the donor, the donor! There are times, because we used to do surgeries easily in the middle of the night, but sometimes it's hard to wait for the donors, which are so few, with the right size and blood type. We sometimes found a donor that seemed okay, but when we were doing the surgery, we found that certain aspects didn't match, so it ended up unsuccessful. In the past, we would encounter this situation now and then, very annoying.

Investigator: Well, what about the quality of the donor, um, how can you guarantee it? When the time comes, will you give us some reports or what---

Qin Han: We will, we will take the ultrasound machine to check the organ, to take a look at its heart functions and to see if there is any hope... And then we'll take another look to see if there's infection in any way, it's mainly because that we don't dare to use the ones with infections. For livers and kidneys with infections, the problem is not too big. But if a heart has infections, we do not dare to use it. It's mainly like this.

Investigator: Oh, if a heart has an infection, then it is useless, if livers and kidneys...

Qin Han: They wouldn't have a big problem, because our hearts are relatively more susceptible to infections. So they have sepsis... if it's a liver or kidney, we would still use it. But if it's a heart, then we won't use it. Relatively speaking, with hearts, the restrictions would be relatively more.

Investigator: Ah, yes, well, I may have been a little absent-minded just a moment ago. And you said that if he can use an adult organ, how long does he have to wait for the donor?

Qin Han: I think that the donor might arrive in one month or two, with no problem. I estimate that we should find it in a month or two.

Investigator: Oh, a month or two?

Qin Han: I guess it should be OK in a month or two, although I haven't followed up before, I reckon a month or two should be OK. And this one should be quicker.

Investigator: Oh, good, so, even it's a relatively big adult, you and the other professor will just go to get the donor.

Qin Han: Well, what do you mean? (Big) for this kid, right?

Investigator: Yes.

Qin Han: Yes, right. The other professor and I will just go to get the donor.

Investigator: Because talking with you on the phone, I feel that you are very kind, well, you're also very concerned about the patient's well-being, yes.

Qin Han: Oh, it's okay...

Investigator: Also, since my colleagues were asking this, uh, actually, I don't really want to help them ask this question. If they can refer patients to you, since I left the clinical practice a long time ago, and I probably wouldn't do that. They are asking that if they can refer patients to you, it may be possible to get some commission?

Qin Han: Pardon me, I didn't hear you (clearly).

Investigator: That is, if my colleagues in the hospital can refer patients to you, will there be commissions?

Qin Han: Sorry, what? I don't understand you.

Investigator: Will there be some payments? Will there be some payments?

Qin Han: What?

Investigator: If they can refer their hospitals' patients to you...because I'm asking for my own family member, and I might not leave the hospital myself...so they're asking, what if they refer patients to you?

Qin Han: Sorry? Are we going to accept them, right?

Investigator: Yes.

Qin Han: Well, this isn't up to me to decide. We'll probably have to wait for Professor Wu to decide, because we recently... After all, although we have (the qualification), to do everything from the beginning to the end, it's very tiring. I'm not sure about my department, but I still want to expand our business, but I'm often constrained by this donor problem. But I feel that we can do one first, just go through the procedures to see. If everyone is all right, we can try it. I personally think that we can try one first. If after that, if there is such a need, we can further carry out this work.

Investigator: Yes, I'd like to ask if we finish the surgery, when we get back to Taiwan, will you provide a photocopy of the complete case for us, or?

Qin Han: Well, I can, I can write a copy. I can privately write a copy for you. But theoretically, there's only one copy when you're released from the hospital. Only one, one summary and a photocopy. But after you photocopy (the medical records), all the test results will be photocopied, and there's no problem with that. And if you need anything extra (in the future), I can write a copy for you. This is no problem,

Investigator: Yes, oh, yes, good. Well, I'll reply to his mom and dad as soon as possible. It's just that they may... maybe I don't know ~

Qin Han: Sure.

Investigator: I told him about the quality assurance of the donor, maybe he...because I see that he seems~

Oin Han: Don't get fixated on that.

Investigator: Yes, he's quite fixated on this, because this kid's ~

Qin Han: Yes, understandably, understandably.

Investigator: Well, then do you have any advice on how to tell his mom and dad that the donor quality can be guaranteed to be good? My understanding is not very good...

Qin Han: You can say that the donors are all patients, who donated their organs, all brain-dead patients, and this will OK, right!

Investigator: All donations. How should we do some examinations on our side, to know that the quality is good?

Qin Han: The quality is... We will send someone over to take a look at the C-ultrasound, to check out the situation. I will, for example, if we are going to have the surgery tomorrow or the day after tomorrow, before I inform the patient, I must first (check out the donor) to see that in this situation, a surgery can be done, and then I will inform you to come over. It is like this.

Investigator: So you're saying....Uh, I'll repeat it to see if I've misheard you. Since your Huangpu Hospital, in fact, has an organ donation center in itself, so, if you confirm that you have a suitable donor, you and another professor will immediately go there to excise the organ right, but you will first----

Qin Han: Well, one hour (in advance), yes...No, not to excise the organ first. We will first go there to take a look, first go there to see, for example, if the blood type matches and to see the patient's overall situation and how his heart is. Afterwards, if we find it suitable, we'll call you and tell you to hurry up to come over. And then after you're admitted into the hospital, we'll see the situation. For example, if we find (the donor to be) okay today, tomorrow you will definitely come to our hospital, and then possibly, we will excise the donor's heart the day after tomorrow. Like this. So that's how things are arranged in terms of timeline.

Investigator: Oh, it's good to have a living donor. Because, if it's a living donor, it would be right. Oh, good, he's more comfortable doing it like this.

Qin Han: Yes, because for this kind of surgeries, we can't make you wait in our hospital the whole time by living here. It is certainly that after a suitable (donor) shows up, we will call you to tell you to hurry over, and then do it quickly, in general, it's like this. Investigator: Ah, so if you inform us, when we come, there won't be no bed for us, right? Qin Han: Well, no, no. The bed will be reserved. If it is this kind of situation, for sure we will reserve a bed. Don't worry about this.

Investigator: Oh, I don't have to worry about that. Then, when we come, we're going to pay for it right away, right? That is 300,000 to 500,000 yuan.

Qin Han: Yes, yes, if everything goes smoothly, it would be 300,000 yuan. There will definitely be no problem. But if it's not smooth, then it's hard to tell ...

Investigator: Hey, didn't you say that if it doesn't go well, we'll replace it with a second organ? You said (that the patient) will live in the hospital...

Qin Han: No, because it may be very difficult to replace it with a second organ right away. It's mainly because if you wait (again) and find a bad one, it might have infections. In such way, it may sometimes take a long time.

Investigator: Oh, hey, I'd like to ask if they're actually going to take some medicine for life (post-surgery). We all have to come back on a regular basis, come back to your hospital, so we all have to come back here regularly.

Qin Han: Right, the concentration of the medicine is required. Right, right, actually, every half a month, if it's convenient for you to have a check-up in the hospitals over there, but...on our side, in general, in the first half a year...every year, you will have to come back to have a check-up. In the first year, you'll have to come back every month. In the second year, (the visit) times can be extended, if appropriate----

Investigator: So how much do we spend every time we go back, how much time?

Qin Han: Well, it is to come to the outpatient clinic to draw some blood. In general, drawing some blood at the outpatient clinic and mainly (testing) ... the concentration of the medicine. If the concentration of the drug is not thick enough or too thin, it won't work. We'll need to adjust the dosage, and probably check out whether the medicine has any side effects. Mainly these things.

Investigator: Okay, they only get hospitalized, when it's necessary. In principle, they only get hospitalized once for the organ transplant.

Qin Han: Yes, in principle, we would draw their blood to take a look and then take some photos and images, to check out their white blood cells, to determine whether the concentration of the medicine is too high or low, and then look at the heart's immune functions. If there are immune responses, then we might need to add some more medicine ... Mainly these things.

Investigator: Well, good, then I know about this. So thank you so much for helping me, please tell Director Wu on my behalf that it's good that we can confirm that a surgery can be done. Please also help us find a donor as soon as possible.

Qin Han: Yes, this depends on one's luck. It really depends on luck...Anyway, you'll have to come here first to draw some blood and check the B-ultrasound. We will take a look at all these, and then you go back to wait for some time. Generally, it's like this. The legal documents may not be done that fast. Not necessarily that fast ... Anyway, you're definitely going to take a while to get this...Because they seemed to say that for our compatriots in Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan, they'll have to go to the Department of Health for approval.

Investigator: Um, I'm sorry, I just didn't understand what you said. What are those legal documents? Because we don't seem to have those on our side. The ones you just mentioned...

Qin Han: Well, I don't know about them, either. I can't explain them to you. Anyway, there are some (legal documents to prepare) before the transplant. Then there're other things to prove that this man (i.e. donor) has no relations with you. Gee, I'm also confused. Anyway, it's a thick pile of things, because, anyway, I'm not in charge, but there's a special agency for this. You need to go there to prepare these. It's roughly like this.

Investigator: Can you give me your mailbox (address).... Is it convenient for you to give it to me now? I'll write it down, okay?

Qin Han: Okay, chinfubo@aliyun.com Investigator: Let me repeat...13632395011.

Qin Han: Yes.

Investigator: Okay, thank you!